Protecting yourself, your employees & your organization during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Retail Industry Leaders Association

April 7, 2020



Agenda

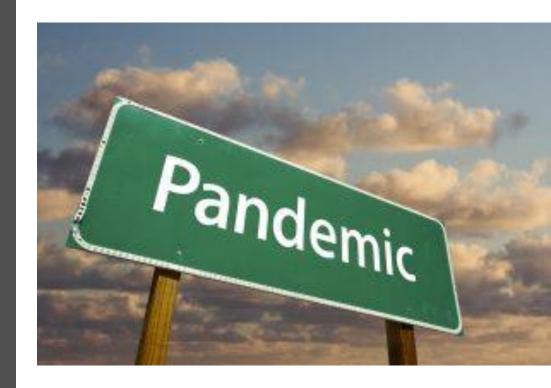
Pandemic planning:
What we need to consider & how technology can help

Keeping our workforce safe:

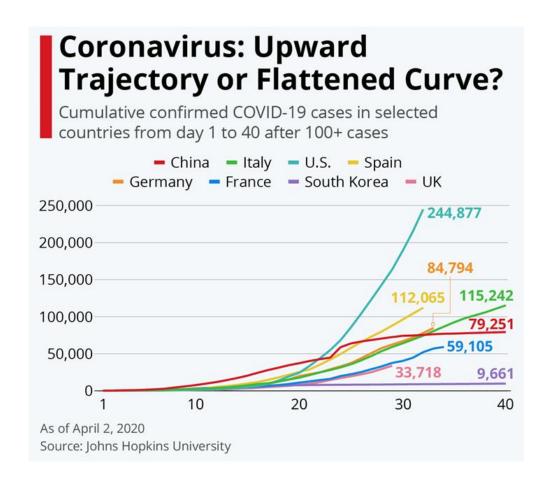
Overview of the virus and leading practices to contain and mitigate risk

Helpful tips for adjusting to your temporary "home office": Ergonomics issues for the remote worker

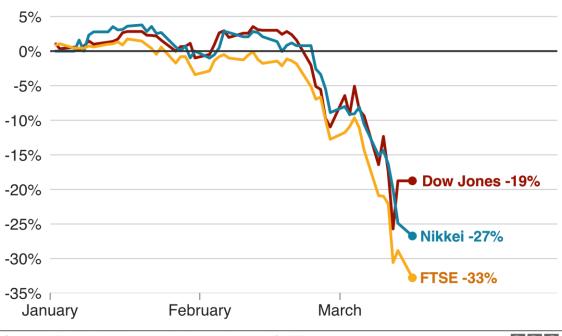
Pandemic Planning: What we need to consider & how technology can help



Impact



Coronavirus impact on global stock markets since the start of the outbreak

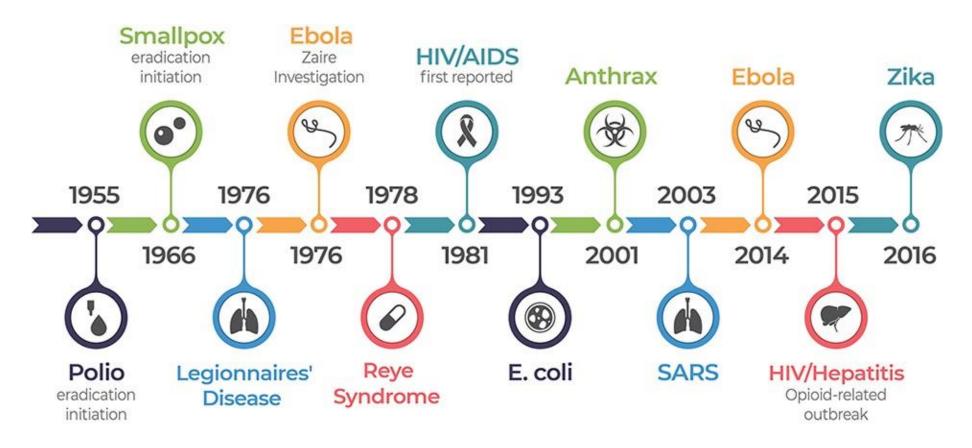


Source: Bloomberg, 16 March 2020, 08:35 GMT

BBC

Global pandemic could cost economy \$2.3 trillion in lost GDP in 2020

cority Enviance The cyclical need for pandemic planning



Source: US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2020

Enhancing your pandemic plan

Any effective pandemic plan should include the following elements:



Leadership



Communication



Risk Management & Containment



Continuity



Recovery

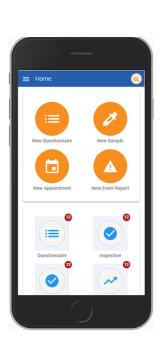
Digitize your pandemic planning

Common challenges

- Data gathering slow, clumsy
- People are unaware of responsibilities
- Low data quality impacts decision quality
- Lack of oversight reduces compliance

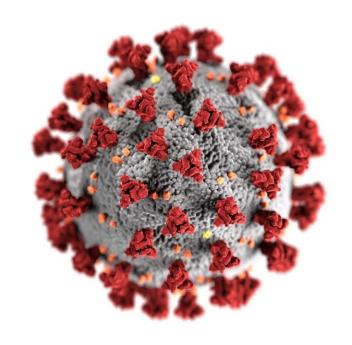
How EHSQ software helps

- Automated notifications
- Mobile accessibility
- Data visualization
- Analytics





Keeping our workforce safe: Overview of the virus and leading practices to contain and mitigate risk



Coronaviruses



Have been described for more than 70 years (1949)



Infect many species of animals including humans.



Single- stranded RNA virus



In 2003 Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)



Since SARS –CoV epidemic, 2 new human respiratory coronaviruses have been described.

Coronavirus Origins

Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS-CoV) 2002

- First pandemic transmissible disease of previously unknown etiology in the 21st century.
- Animal origin (horseshoe bats)

Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS) 2010.

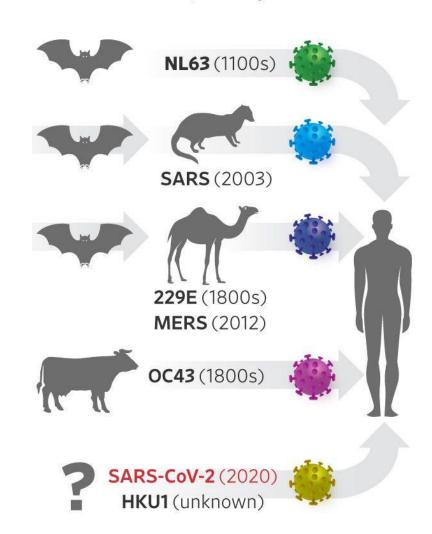
Camels

COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2)

Likely origin- bats

Epidemic Potential

Coronaviruses are jumping increasingly from animals to humans, creating new threats



Source: Timothy Sheahan, University of North Carolina

SARS-CoV-2: Route of Transmission

- Person to person spread mainly by respiratory droplets.
- Respiratory secretions when a person coughs, sneezes or talks (6 feet).
- Some surface transmission but not the main route.
- Asymptomatic spread has been described but not well studied yet.



What we know about SARS-CoV-2

- Enveloped virus with lipid coating- easiest type to deactivate
- Studies still ongoing on surface contamination
- Many of us have experiences with Bloodborne Pathogen Plans.
 - Similar principles
 - EPA List N
- Once an area is clean
 - Keep clean through good hand hygiene
 - Encourage hand sanitation before retail space entry



Risk Management & Containment

Efforts in your pandemic plan should center around 3 non-pharmaceutical intervention (NPI) categories:



Personal NPIs: Everyday preventive actions that help keep people from getting or spreading the virus



Community NPIs: Strategies that organizations can take to re-organize work to limit sources of potential exposure



Environmental NPIs: Measures taken to control presence of the virus within the workplace

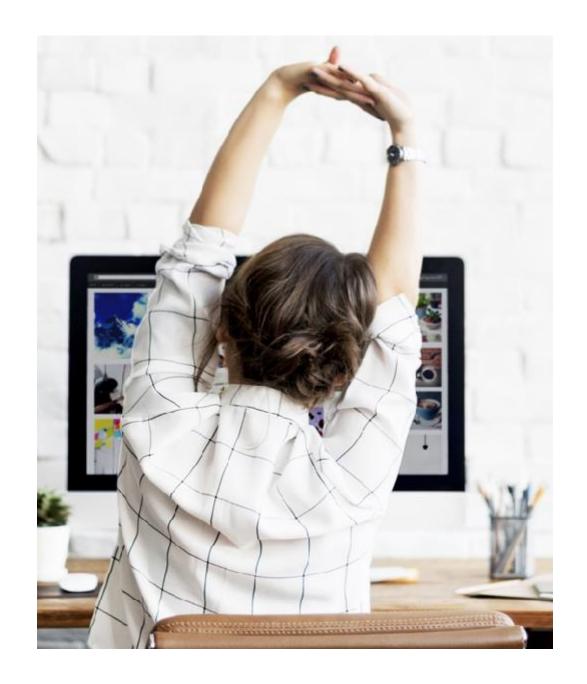
Helpful Tips for Your "Home Office":

Ergonomic issues & the remote worker



Get Setup at Home

<u>Set up</u> your workspace<u>Line up</u> in neutral body position<u>Get up</u> and move around



Environment



Good lighting that doesn't cause monitor glare



Low background noise



As few distractions as possible

Equipment



A desk or table that is stable and flat, preferably height adjustable if available)



A hands-free phone, such as a headset, computer audio, or speakerphone, for calls



An adjustable chair that supports your back



A document holder if referencing documents



An external monitor, keyboard, and pointing device when using a notebook computer

Location



Desk (adjustable if available)



Kitchen table



Couch or easy chair



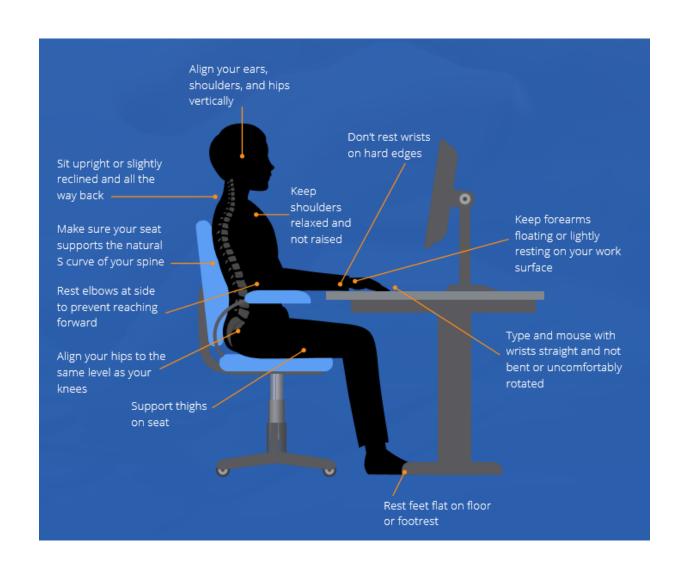
Bed

Set up your workspace

- Limit consistent muscle engagement
- Worksurface height
- Adjustable chairs
- Monitor positioning
- Keyboard positioning

Line up

- Neutral positions
- Sit upright or slightly reclined
- Alignment of body
- Supported



Get Up

- Use a behavior-based, "smart" break timing tool, which is much more useful than a straight timer.
- ☐ Drink water throughout the day
- Stretch
- Take calls away from your computer
- When you're on a break, walk away from all screens, not just work
- Keep regular hours to prevent overexposure



Problem: Your coffee table is too low.

Solution: Limit working on the couch or easy chair to short periods of time. When you do, keep your laptop on your lap and raised with a tray or other flat surface.

Problem: You work from the bedroom.

Solution: Only work from the bedroom when necessary and in short durations. When working on the bed, sit up and use pillows to support your back and neck.

Problem: Your wrist rests on a hard edge.

Solution: Raise your chair or lower your desk while keeping other alignment neutral. Alternatively, use a wrist support like a gel wrist rest or a small bag of rice.

Problem: Your desk or table is too high.

Solution: Raise yourself in your chair by sitting on a cushion.

Problem: Your laptop monitor is too low.

Solution: If you have an external keyboard and mouse, use them and raise your laptop with reams of paper or a stable box. If available, a laptop stand can also be helpful.

6 Problem: You have poor neck posture from looking at reference documents.

Solution: Use a recipe or book holder to hold your paper documents in front of or next to your monitor.

Problem: You don't have access to a sitstand desk.

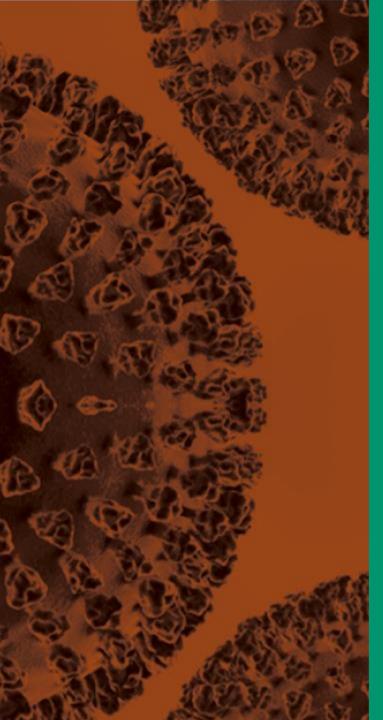
Solution: Use an ironing board as a desk for periodic standing.

Problem: You don't have an adjustable chair with back support.

Solution: Use a rolled-up towel to place behind your back for support.

You can find more resources on how Cority can support you during COVID-19 at https://ehsq.cority.com/covid-19

If you have questions, please contact start@enviance.com



COVID-19 Waste Management Protocols and Federal and State Enforcement Discretion

April 7, 2020 RILA – Environmental Compliance Committee Webinar

NOTE TO ALL:

Information provided here is not intended to be legal guidance and is subject to change as new information becomes available or as regulatory circumstances change.



What are the only kind of jokes the CDC is recommending at this time?



Inside Jokes



Waste Management Protocols

Federal Enforcement Discretion

State-Level Enforcement Discretion

Communication and Resources

Agenda





COVID-19 Waste Regulations?

- There are no additional or more stringent regulatory requirements regarding waste management
- Waste materials are not a Category A infectious substance for purposes of packaging and transport
- CDC site states: "Medical waste (trash) coming from healthcare facilities treating COVID-2019 patients is no different than waste coming from facilities without COVID-19 patients. CDC's guidance states that management of laundry, food service utensils, and medical waste should be performed in accordance with routine procedures. There is no evidence to suggest that facility waste needs any additional disinfection."
- https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/faq.html
- OSHA's Waste-Related Guidance: "Generally, management of waste that is suspected or known to contain or be contaminated with COVID-19 does not require special precautions beyond those already used to protect workers from the hazards they encounter during their routine job tasks in solid waste and wastewater management."
- https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/covid-19/controlprevention.html
- State Department of Health and State Environmental Agencies starting to publish guidelines for waste management protocols





Packaging Guidelines and Waste Acceptance Policy (WAP)

Following DOT packaging and tying off of bags is critical to minimize exposure. As always it is important to follow the Waste Acceptance Plan of your vendor.





Stericycle

Waste Not Accepted for Disposal as Regulated Medical Waste

- **X** Untreated Category A Infectious Substances
- Complete Human Remains
 (including heads, full torsos, and fetuses)
- Chemicals
 Formaldehyde, formalin, acids, alcohol, waste oil, solvents, reagents, fixer developer, fluorescein, cleaning products and disinfectants
- RCRA Hazardous Waste or Universal Waste
 Including but not limited to batteries, bulbs, hazardous waste pharmaceuticals, bulk chemotherapy
- Compressed Gas Cylinders, Canisters, Inhalers and Aerosol Cans
- Mercury Containing Material, Devices, or Wastes
 Mercury thermometers, sphygmomanometers, amalgam and related wastes
- Radioactive Waste

 Any container with a radioactivity level that exceeds regulatory or permitted limits; lead-containing materials

The Red Bag Cannot Become A Catchall For Any And All Waste From A Covid-19 Patient

Hazardous waste, including hazardous waste pharmaceuticals, generated in a potential COVID-19 exposure situation should be managed per current waste protocols and disposed in the appropriate waste receptacles.

Solid waste, such as PPE and other items that are not contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious materials do not need to be disposed in the red bag.



COVID-19 Waste Management Protocols			
Process Generating Waste	Waste Contents	Normal (non-COVID-19) Disposal Method Protocols	COVID-19 Disposal Method Protocols
Healthcare related waste from treatment/testing/care of known or suspected COVID-19 infected individual (blood, bodily fluids, other potentially infectious material - OPIM, sharps)	Used PPE, clean-up rags and wipes, other debris	Regulated Medical Waste	Regulated Medical Waste



COVID-19 Waste Management Protocols			
Process Generating Waste	Waste Contents	Normal (non-COVID-19) Disposal Method Protocols	COVID-19 Disposal Method Protocols
Decontamination of areas where known or suspected COVID-19 infected individual was present and contaminated area (clearly not RMW, not sharps, not lab related etc.)	Used PPE, clean-up rags and wipes, other debris with a non-hazardous disinfectant chemical	Solid Waste	*Some Generators are over- classifying all waste from decontamination activities and managing as RMW **States may have specific requirements for managing this type of waste
		Hazardous Waste (when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to be RCRA or State-Regulated hazardous waste)	Hazardous Waste (when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to be RCRA or State-Regulated hazardous waste)



COVID-19 Waste Management Protocols			
Process Generating Waste	Waste Contents	Normal (non-COVID-19) Disposal Method Protocols	COVID-19 Disposal Method Protocols
General Decontamination of workplace, schools, public facilities, mass transit	Used PPE, clean-up rags and wipes, other debris with a non-hazardous disinfectant chemical	Solid Waste	Solid Waste (if no reasonable anticipation that COVID-19 infected individual was present and when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to be non-RCRA and non-State regulated/non-hazardous) *Some Generators are over-classifying all waste from decontamination activities and managing as RMW **States may have specific requirements for managing this type of waste



COVID-19 Waste Management Protocols			
Process Generating Waste	Waste Contents	Normal (non-COVID-19) Disposal Method Protocols	COVID-19 Disposal Method Protocols
General Decontamination of workplace, schools, public facilities, mass transit	Used PPE, clean-up rags and wipes, other debris with a hazardous waste disinfectant chemical	Hazardous Waste (when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to RCRA or State-Regulated hazardous waste)	Hazardous Waste (when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to RCRA or State-Regulated hazardous waste)



COVID-19 Waste Management Protocols			
Process Generating Waste	Waste Contents	Normal (non-COVID-19) Disposal Method Protocols	COVID-19 Disposal Method Protocols
Concentrated Decontamination / Disinfecting Chemicals	Empty containers that previously held concentrated chemicals	Solid Waste – if containers meet state and federal definition of empty.	Solid Waste – if containers meet state and federal definition of empty.
	Full or partially full unused or leftover containers of concentrated chemicals	Solid Waste or Hazardous Waste - Generators must evaluate the chemical to determine if they would be RCRA Hazardous waste or State Regulated Hazardous Waste for toxicity, corrosivity, or flammability	EPA has published a listing of chemicals that are effective for use against Human Coronavirus (provided under Supporting Documents). Generators must evaluate the chemical to determine if they would be RCRA Hazardous waste or State Regulated Hazardous Waste for toxicity, corrosivity, or flammability EPA Disinfectants for Use Against CoV-2



How is the waste being managed?

- All properly permitted RMW facilities should be able to manage this waste; autoclave and incineration facilities can manage this waste
 - Incineration should only be required for wastes that may already require incineration (pathological/trace chemo/non-haz Rx)
- Post-treatment wastes can go to landfill (or other final disposal i.e.
 WTE) and do not require any special handling
- Waste generated in households can be managed as general solid waste and also go to landfill
- Hazardous wastes (including pharmaceuticals) should be managed per current standards
- Solid wastes can be managed by municipal solid waste landfill, industrial waste landfill, waste-to-energy incineration, municipal waste incineration





Federal Enforcement Discretion



EPA Enforcement Discretion

COVID-19 Implications for EPA's Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Program

Memo from Susan Parker Bodine, Assistant Administrator for Enforcement and Compliance Assurance

- Retroactive to March 13, 2020
- "The EPA will exercise the enforcement discretion specified below for noncompliance covered by this temporary policy and resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, if regulated entities take the steps applicable to their situations, as set forth in this policy."
- Defines the scope and outlines several discretionary areas:
 - Routine compliance monitoring and reporting
 - Settlement agreement and consent decree reporting obligations and milestones
 - Facility operations
 - Public water systems
 - Critical infrastructure
- https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/covid-19-implications-epas-enforcement-and-compliance-assurance-program



EPA Enforcement Discretion

General Conditions

All enforcement discretion set forth in this temporary policy is conditioned on the following.

- 1. Entities should make every effort to comply with their environmental compliance obligations.
- 2. If compliance is not reasonably practicable, facilities with environmental compliance obligations should:
 - a. Act responsibly under the circumstances in order to minimize the effects and duration of any noncompliance caused by COVID-19
 - b. Identify the specific nature and dates of the noncompliance
 - c. Identify how COVID-19 was the cause of the noncompliance, and the decisions and actions taken in response, including best efforts to comply and steps taken to come into compliance at the earliest opportunity
 - d. Return to compliance as soon as possible
 - e. Document the information, action, or condition specified in a. through d.



DOT Enforcement Discretion

DOT Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA)

- Notice of Enforcement Discretion
- Hours of Service National Emergency Declaration
- Cross Border Transportation
- Local Shelter in Place and Restrictions on Movement
- Commercial Driver's License Actions
- Drug and Alcohol Testing
- https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/COVID-19





DOT Enforcement Discretion

DOT Pipelines and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA)

- Enforcement Policy on Training
- https://www.phmsa.dot.gov/news/phmsa-enforcementpolicy-notice-regarding-hazardous-materials-training
- Temporary Relief to Companies Transporting Hand Sanitizer by Highway
- https://www.phmsa.dot.gov/news/phmsa-issuestemporary-relief-companies-transporting-hand-sanitizerhighway



OSHA Enforcement Discretion

OSHA Temporary Enforcement Guidance

- OSHA is communicating additional guidance and relief at https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/covid-19/
 - Temporary Enforcement Guidance Healthcare Respiratory
 Protection Annual Fit-Testing for N95 Filtering Facepieces During the COVID-19 Outbreak
 - o Initial fit testing is still required
 - Appropriate respiratory protection is required for all healthcare personnel providing direct care of these patients.
 - Relief on many of the conditions but asking that operations make good faith effort to comply and provide training as best as available.
 - Prevent Worker Exposure to Coronavirus (COVID-19) posters available on OSHA site
 - o Alternative PPE options



Manifests and Shipping Papers



Signing of Shipping Documents

- All hazardous materials shipping papers (Regulated Medical Waste, hazardous waste, hazardous waste pharmaceuticals, etc.) require a generator signature
- Stericycle has reached out to DOT/PHMSA for guidance
- Proposed Protocols for Persons Refusing to Sign Shipping Papers:
 - Driver will ask Generator's representative for spelling of full name.
 - Driver prints Generator's full name in "PRINTED NAME" section of shipping document
 - Driver prints "Generator refused to sign COVID-19" under "Signature" section of shipping document
 - Driver prints date in date section of shipping document
 - Driver prints and signs their name and prints date in the appropriate section as Transporter
 - Driver will leave behind paper work as required by the regulations





New York Department of Environmental Conservation

Enforcement Discretion on Signature Procedures for Hazardous Waste Manifests, Non-Hazardous Waste Shipping Papers During COVID-19 Emergency

- DEC is agreeing not to pursue enforcement of regulations mandating signatures for waste shipping documents
- Effective during the entire State of Emergency (currently September 7, 2020)
- Outlines Protocols: Print Generator's Name; print "on behalf of" in Signature Box; Sign Driver's Name in Signature Box
- http://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/materials_minerals_pdf/tempsigprocovid2.pdf



State-Level Enforcement Discretion



State-Level Enforcement Discretion

– Key Points

Compliance is still expected; State of Emergency does not provide blanket relief to environmental regulations

Information is changing and added frequently – check State Health Department and State Environmental COVID-19 websites often

BE CAREFUL – Each State is taking their own approach to:

- Timeframe for relief
- Programs that are subject to relief
- Activities that are subject to relief
- Procedures to request relief
- If/how they will notify you of any relief
- Specific documentation requirements





What Regulatory Information and Resources are Available

RILA Resources

- Retail Operations Page
- https://www.rila.org/retail-compliance-center/retailoperations?utm_source=informz&utm_medium=email &utm_campaign=informz%20email& zs=3omfd1& zl= hxke6
- COVID-19 Resources
- State-by-State Summary of Enforcement Discretion

COVID-19 Resources

- COVID-19 Emergency Enforcement Status of State Bottle Redemption Regulations
- COVID-19 Emergency State Changes to Consumer Bag Regulations
- COVID-19 Environmental Compliance FAQs for Retail Sanitation/Disinfectant Products
- COVID-19 Environmental Compliance FAQs for Retail Hazardous Waste
- COVID-19 Compliance & Enforcement Status of State Environmental Regulations
- · List of EPA-approved disinfectants with UPCs and SDS



ОН	Compliance and Enforcement	All regulated entities remain obligated to take all available actions necessary to ensure compliance with environmental regulations and permit requirements. In the instance where regulated entities will have an unavoidable noncompliance situation, directly due to impact from COVID-10, an email has been established to accept for requests for regulatory flexibility.	Ohio EPA COVID-19 Response
ОК	Compliance and Enforcement	Permit conditions and compliance schedules will continue to be met but the DEQ understand that closures and illness may limit this ability. DEQ will be flexible as needed and appropriate. Non-compliance issues should be communication with DEQ staff through email or program specific reporting telephone numbers. In person payments are no longer being accepted but can be made by mail, phone or fax.	Oklahoma DEQ
OR	Compliance and Enforcement	All applicable DEQ requirements remain in effect. However, DEQ will continue to exercise reasonable enforcement discretion within its authority when deciding whether to pursue potential violations caused by pandemic-related disruptions.	DEQ response to COVID-19 webpage



What Regulatory Information and Resources are Available?

Industry Association Activity

National Waste & Recycling Association (NWRA)

- COVID-19 Regulatory Flexibility Summary by State
- Document summarizes state regulatory flexibility related to COVID-19 granted to elements of the waste and recycling industry
- Results from a letter sent by NWRA to every State Agency requesting regulatory relief during the COVID-19 pandemic
- Provides copies of memo/letter/email response to letter as well as info on other regulatory relief and enforcement discretion
- Summary document is not yet publicly posted
- Website does have map of response results





ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION

Richard E. Dunn, Director

EPD Director's Office 2 Martin Luther King, Jr. Drive Suite 1456, East Tower Allanta, Georgia 30334 404 656 4713

March 31, 2020

Response to Questions about COVID-19 Implications for EPD's Compliance and Enforcement

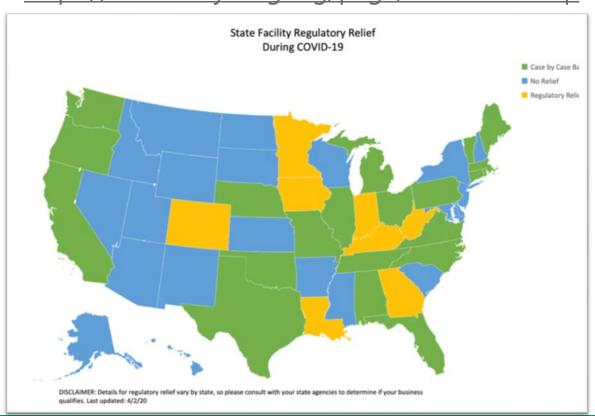
On March 26, 2020, USEPA released a memo titled "COVID-19 Implications for EPA's Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Program" (Memo) describing USEPA's temporary policy for enforcing environmental legal obligations during the COVID-19 pandemic. The Georgia Environmental Protection Division (EPD) has received several inquiries as to whether EPD will issue an enforcement discretion policy expectation policy expectation of the Memo. Given the left and enforcement.



What Regulatory Information and Resources are Available?

NWRA State Response Maps

https://wasterecycling.org/page/covidstatemap





What Regulatory Information and Resources are Available?

Industry and Vendor Activity

Trinity Consultants

- COVID-19: EHS REGULATORY UPDATES
- State by State Summary of Regulatory Relief
- Provides a brief explanation of the relief or positions on enforcement discretion with emails and links to state resources
- https://www.trinityconsultants.com/new s/federal/covid-19-ehs-regulatoryupdates#id



New York

- > Contact the permit engineer and region if you are missing due dates and provide an explana
- > Submit extension requests to Air.Inventory@dec.ny.gov.
- > The NY State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) is handling requests and
- > Emission statement deadlines extended on a case-by-case basis.
- > NYSDEC has issued a Waste and Recyclables Essential Services Statement.
- > Public hearing meetings regarding proposed regulations, in-person meetings, and other sim



State-Level Activity

State Environmental Agency Alerts/Notices/Guidance on enforcement protocols sent via email to generators or posted on Agency websites

- Wisconsin DNR website:
 - COVID-19: Environmental Compliance Process
 - Online survey form to request enforcement discretion
 - https://dnr.wi.gov/emergency/COVID19Compliance.html
- Minnesota Pollution Control Agency website
 - COVID-19 regulatory guidance
 - Instructions with email address for requesting regulatory flexibility
 - https://www.pca.state.mn.us/covid-19/covid-19-and-regulatory-flexibility







State-Level Activity - Continued

- Michigan Dept. of Environment, Great Lakes and Energy (MIEGLE) – email guidance:
 - Manage to eliminate the possibility of release
 - Will not be conducting unannounced compliance audits
 - If non-compliance is unavoidable, contact MIEGLE to request regulatory relief
 - o The specific regulatory requirement in question, including identification of any permit, order, or agreement that applies to the entity's obligations
 - o A concise statement describing the circumstances preventing compliance and how the compliance issue is impacted by the COVID-19 response - regulatory flexibility is only for COVID-19 prompted non-compliance
 - o The steps taken to avoid the compliance issue, including whether you contacted EGLE for assistance and why the compliance issue was not reasonably avoidable
 - o The anticipated duration of the compliance issue and whether it may create an acute risk or imminent threat to human health or the environment, if this is the case, please call 800-292-4706
 - o A description of measures planned to protect public health and environment during period the requirement(s) cannot be met
 - o A central point of contact for the site be provided, including an email address and phone number.



We protect what matters.

State-Level Activity - Continued

- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency website
 - Coronavirus (COVID-19) Response, Questions, and Guidance
 - https://www.epa.state.oh.us/covid19
 - Online form to request enforcement discretion
 - The following information is needed to complete the form:
 - The specific regulatory or permit requirement which cannot be complied with
 - A concise statement describing the circumstances preventing compliance
 - The anticipated duration of time that the noncompliance will persist
 - The mitigative measures that will be taken to protect public health and the environment during the need for enforcement discretion
 - A central point of contact for the regulated entity, including an email address and phone number
 - Where alternative compliance options are authorized by Ohio EPA, regulated entities must maintain records adequate to document activities related to the noncompliance and details of the regulated entity's best efforts to comply.





State-Level Activity - Continued

- California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC)
 - Form to request extension for 90-day storage limit
 - https://dtsc.ca.gov/wpcontent/uploads/sites/31/2016/01/Storage-Extension-Application-for-Generators.pdf



California CUPAs

- Sacramento County Environmental Management
 - Form to request Non-RCRA and/or RCRA exempt storage extension
 - https://emd.saccounty.net/EH/Documents/Exempt%20Hazard ous%20Waste%20Storage%20Extension%20Notification%2003 2020.pdf





State-Level Activity - Continued

- California Department of Public Health
 - Website on Medical Waste Management Interim Guidelines
 - https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/MedicalWasteManagementInterimGuidelines.aspx
- Oregon Dept. of Environmental Quality
 - Guidance Document: Managing COVID-19 Solid Waste
 - https://www.oregon.gov/deq/FilterDocs/SW-covid19.pdf
- South Carolina Department of Health and Env. Control
 - Website with waste management guidelines
 - https://scdhec.gov/infectious-diseases/viruses/coronavirusdisease-2019-covid-19/waste-management-covid-19









State-Level Activity - Continued

- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
 - Email to Generators with instructions and email to accept requests for potential enforcement discretion
 - Website with disposal guidance
 - https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/covid-19
- Pennsylvania Dept. of Environmental Protection
 - Website alert announcing office closings
 - Email address to inquire about waiver eligibility
 - https://www.dep.pa.gov/Pages/AlertDetails.aspx





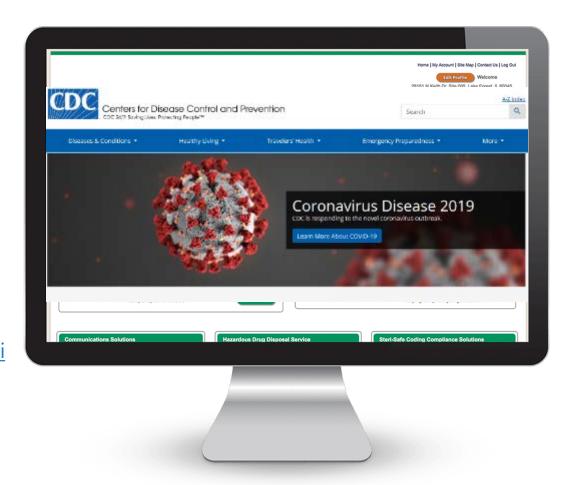


Communication and Resources



Communication and Resources

- CDC: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/index.html
- OSHA: https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/novel_coronavirus/
- World Health Organization (WHO):
 https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019
- EPA List N: Disinfectants for Use Against SARS-CoV-2: https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-registration/list-n-disinfectants-use-against-sars-cov-2
- NWRA HWI Press Release and Guidance Document: https://cdn.ymaws.com/wasterecycling.org/resource/resmgr/hwi minutes/HWI COVID-2019 FAQs.pdf





Communication and Resources

- RILA Coronavirus Resources for Retailers:
 https://www.rila.org/coronavirus-resources-for-retailers
- DOT website: https://www.transportation.gov/coronavirus
- MultiState Associates COVID-19 Policy Tracker:
 https://www.multistate.us/pages/covid-19-policy-tracker
- Stericycle Coronavirus (COVID-19) Knowledge Center: https://www.stericycle.com/landing-pages/novel-coronavirus





Questions

Stericycle Regulatory Team

Ask-Regulatory@Stericycle.com



Wade Scheel

Director, Government Affairs

WScheel@Stericycle.com



Thank you







COVID-19 Waste Management Protocols

Stericycle developed these proposed waste management protocols to outline our intentions for managing waste compliantly during the COVID-19 pandemic, absent regulatory or customer specification. Stericycle is continuously monitoring announcements from State Agencies on guidance and instructions on state-specific protocols and will revise these protocols accordingly.

Process Generating Waste	Waste Contents	Normal (non- COVID-19) Disposal Method Protocols	COVID-19 Disposal Method Protocols		
Laboratory Wastes	Standard regulated medical waste associated with clinical testing of laboratory specimens	Regulated Medical Waste	Regulated Medical Waste		
	Hazardous waste chemicals, reagents, compounding chemicals	Hazardous Waste	Hazardous Waste		
Quarantine Sites	General trash from normal activities	Solid Waste	Solid Waste		
	Healthcare related waste from treatment/care of known or suspected COVID-19 infected individual	Regulated Medical Waste	Regulated Medical Waste *Some Generators are over-classifying all waste from quarantine sites and managing as RMW		
Healthcare related waste from treatment/testing/care of known or suspected COVID-19 infected individual (blood, bodily fluids, OPIM, sharps)	Used PPE, clean-up rags and wipes, other debris	Regulated Medical Waste	Regulated Medical Waste		



We protect what matters.

Decontamination of areas where known or suspected COVID-19 infected individual was present and contaminated area (not clearly RMW, not sharps, not lab related etc.)	Used PPE, clean-up rags and wipes, other debris with a non-hazardous disinfectant chemical	Solid Waste	*Some Generators are over-classifying all waste from decontamination activities and managing as RMW **States may have specific requirements for managing this type of waste		
		Hazardous Waste (when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to be RCRA or State- Regulated hazardous waste)	Hazardous Waste (when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to be RCRA or State- Regulated hazardous waste)		
General Decontamination of workplace, schools, public facilities, mass transit	Used PPE, clean-up rags and wipes, other debris with a non-hazardous disinfectant chemical	Solid Waste	Solid Waste (if no reasonable anticipation that COVID-19 infected individual was present and when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to be non-RCRA and non-State regulated/non-hazardous) *Some Generators are over-classifying		



We protect what matters.

General	Used PPE, clean-up	Hazardous Waste	all waste from decontamination activities and managing as RMW **States may have specific requirements for managing this type of waste Hazardous Waste
Decontamination of workplace, schools, public facilities, mass transit	rags and wipes, other debris with a hazardous waste disinfectant chemical	(when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to RCRA or State-Regulated hazardous waste)	(when materials contaminated with disinfecting chemicals determined to RCRA or State-Regulated hazardous waste)
Community/Company- Based COVID-19 public testing sites	Used PPE from healthcare workers and volunteer, COVID-19 test-kit wastes	Solid Waste	Regulated Medical Waste
	Non-healthcare related wastes and wastes that were generated from interaction with the potentially COVID-19 infected public participants	Solid Waste	Solid Waste
Concentrated Decontamination / Disinfecting Chemicals	Empty containers that previously held concentrated chemicals	Solid Waste – if containers meet state and federal definition of empty.	Solid Waste – if containers meet state and federal definition of empty.
	Full or partially full unused or leftover containers of	Solid Waste or Hazardous Waste - Generators must	EPA has published a listing of chemicals that are effective for



We protect what matters.

concentrated chemicals	evaluate the chemical to determine if they would be RCRA Hazardous waste or State Regulated Hazardous Waste for toxicity, corrosivity, or flammability	use against Human Coronavirus (provided under Supporting Documents). Generators must evaluate the chemical to determine if they would be RCRA Hazardous waste or State Regulated Hazardous Waste for toxicity, corrosivity, or flammability EPA Disinfectants for
		Use Against CoV-2

For questions regarding this document, please contact your Stericycle Account Representative.



Can't fight what you don't know Disinfecting the world through shared data

April 7, 2020

EPA's "List N"



Source:

https://www.epa.gov/pesticid e-registration/list-ndisinfectants-use-againstsars-cov-2

357 EPA IDs as of April 6.

List N was last u	updated on April 2, 2020.	
Search:	Export to PDF	Show 25 🕈 entries

List N: Products with Emerging Viral Pathogens AND Human Coronavirus claims for use against SARS-CoV-2

EPA Registration \$ Number	Active Ingredient(s)	Product Name 💠	Company	Follow the disinfection directions and preparation for the following virus	Contact Time (in \$ minutes)	Formulation +	Surface Types \$ for Use	<u>Use Site</u> \$	Emerging Viral Pathogen Claim?	Date Added \$ to List N
84683-3	Thymol	Benefect Botanical Daily Cleaner Disinfectant Spray	Cleanwell LLC	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020
88897-2	Quaternary ammonium; Isopropanol; Ethanol	Panther Disinfectant	Maxill Inc	Adenovirus; Feline calicivirus	3	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional	Yes	04/02/2020
42048-4	L-Lactic Acid	Sani-Cide EX3 (10X) RTU	Celeste Industries Corp	Feline calicivirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Institutional	Yes	04/02/2020
66171-7	Quaternary ammonium; Glutaraldehyde	Synergize	Preserve International	Feline calicivirus	10	Dilutable	Hard nonporous	Institutional	Yes	04/02/2020
85837-4	Hydrogen peroxide	Proxi Home General Disinfectant Cleaner Spray	Innovasource LLC	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020
498-179	Quaternary ammonium; Ethanol	Champion Sprayon Spray Disinfectant Formula 3	Chase Products Co	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020
1839-236	Quaternary	SC-5:128N	Stepan	Rotavirus	5	Dilutable	Hard	Healthcare; Institutional;	Yes	04/02/2020

Unpacking EPA's Data



	List N was last u	List N was last updated on April 2, 2020.											
	Search:	E	xport to PDF								Show	25 ¢ entries	
		Li	st N: Products with	Emer	rging Vir	al Pathogens AND Human Cor	onavirus clai	ms for use aga	inst SARS-Co	oV-2			
Registration Number Active Ingredient(s)		Product Name Company		Follow the disinfection directions and preparation for the following virus	Contact Time (in minutes)	Formulation Type	Surface Types for Use	Use Site	Emerging Viral Pathogen Claim?	Date Added † to List N			
	84683-3	Thymol	Benefect Botanical Daily Cleaner Disinfectant Spray	Clean	nwell	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020	
EPA Registration Number			anther isinfectant	Maxi	Con	tact Time			Hard nonporous	Surfac	e Types 1	or Use	
123-45-6	Pesticide Registration Number. 123-45-678			Cele: Indu Corp	should be treated for [in				Hard nonporous	" the types of surfaces or disinfectant can be used (eporous surfaces like doork		e used (e.	
taxonomy = brand-chemical- distributor		ynergize	Pres Inter	visil	nutes]. The surface should be bly wet for the duration of contact time."		e table	Hard nonporous	stainless steel count surfaces such as fab		ınters, or		
	85837-4	Hydrogen peroxide	roxi Home General Disinfectant Cleaner Spray	Innov LLC	vasource	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020	
	498-179	Quaternary ammonium; Ethanol	Champion Sprayon Spray Disinfectant Formula 3	Chase	e ucts Co	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020	
	1839-236	Quaternary	SC-5:128N	Stepa	an	Rotavirus	5	Dilutable	Hard	Healthcare;	Yes	04/02/2020	

Unpacking EPA's Data



	List N was last updated on April 2, 2020.												
	Search:	E	xport to PDF								Show	25 ¢ entries	
		Li	st N: Products with	Emei	ging Vir	al Pathogens AND Human Cor	onavirus cla	ims for use a	gainst SARS-C	oV-2			
EPA Registration Active Ingredient(s)		Product Name 💠	Product Name		Follow the disinfection directions and preparation for the following virus	Contact Time (in \$ minutes)	Formulation Type	Surface Types for Use	Use Site 💠	Emerging Viral Pathogen Claim?	Date Added \$ to List N		
	84683-3	Thymol	Benefect Botanical Daily Cleaner Disinfectant Spray	Clear LLC	nwell	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020	
Use Site			anther isinfectant	Maxi	Eme	erging Viral Pathoge	n Claim?		Hard nonporous	Date A	dded to	List N	
Healthcare: Hospital, dental or other healthcare facilities			ani-Cide EX3 (10X) TU	Cele: Indu Corp	pathogen claim, it is effective against a					" Submit your application via the CDX portal. Once you submit or if you have already submitted your application, ple			ou have
Institutional: Schools, office buildings, and restaurants Residential: Homes		ynergize	Preso	for us		ucts on this list meet EPA's criteria gainst SARS-CoV-2, including those as "No" in this column."		Hard nonporous	CDX tracking numb		slist@epa.gov with your ber (CDX_2020_XXXXXXX) ission can be expedited."		
	85837-4	Hydrogen peroxide	roxi Home General Disinfectant Cleaner Spray	Innov	/asource	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020	
	498-179	Quaternary ammonium; Ethanol	Champion Sprayon Spray Disinfectant Formula 3	Chase	e ucts Co	Rhinovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/02/2020	
	1839-236	Quaternary	SC-5:128N	Stepa	an	Rotavirus	5	Dilutable	Hard	Healthcare; Institutional;	Yes	04/02/2020	



But how can we improve efficiency for retailers and consumers to find these products?

EPA's Guidance



Finding a Product

The easiest way to find a product on this list is to enter **the first two sets** of its **EPA registration number** into the search bar below.

For example, if EPA Reg. No. 12345-12 is on List N, you can buy EPA Reg. No. 12345-12-2567 and know you're getting an equivalent product. You can find this number by looking for the EPA Reg. No. on the product label.

What's an EPA ID to a consumer?



Finding a Product

The easiest way to find a product on this list is to enter **the first two sets** of its **EPA registration number** into the search bar below.

For example, if EPA Reg. No. 12345-12 is on List N, you can buy EPA Reg. No. 12345-12-2567 and know you're getting an equivalent product. You can find this number by looking for the EPA Reg. No. on the product label.



Wait ... where is it?

Potential unintended consequences of extra time spent searching for EPA ID on labels ...



- Touching labels
- More time spent in store
- More time consumer engaging store associates



We connected EPA ID to UPC to SDS ...

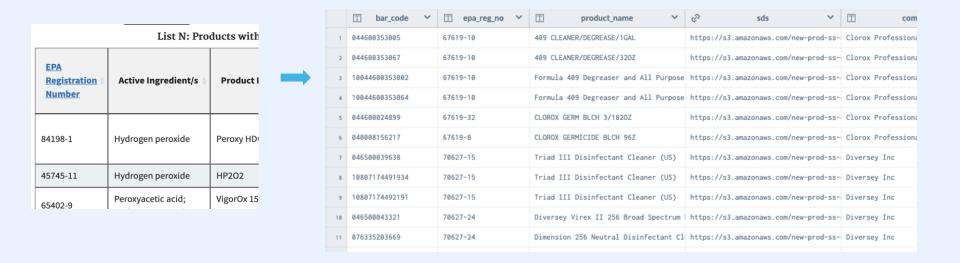


Our dataset is 1,369 UPCs – and growing (April 7).



EPA INPUTS

UPC INDEX



UPCs → **Findable. SDSs** → **Safety.**

UPC INDEX

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issuing Date January 5, 2015 Revision Date New 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Name

Clorox Commercial Solutions® Formula 409® Cleaner Degreaser Disinfectant

Other means of identification

EPA Registration Number 67619-10

Recommended use of the chanical and restrictions on use

General purpose cleaner, degreaser, and disinfectant

No information available

Details the supplier of the safety data sheet

pplier Address

Clorox Professional Products Company 1221 Broadway Oakland, CA 94612

Phone: 1-510-271-7000

Uses advised ainst

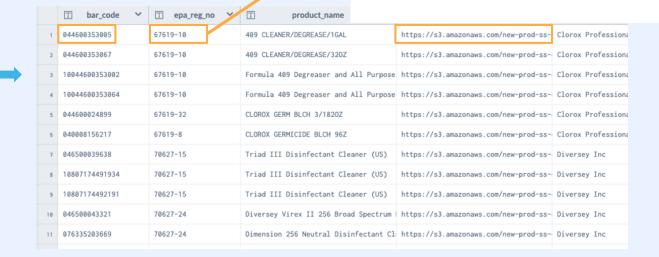
Emergency telephone number **Emergency Phone Numbers**

For Medical Emergencies call: 1-800-446-1014 For Transportation Emergencies, call Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

List N: Products with

EPA Registration Number	Active Ingredient/s	Product I
84198-1	Hydrogen peroxide	Peroxy HD
45745-11	Hydrogen peroxide	HP2O2
65402-9	Peroxyacetic acid;	VigorOx 15

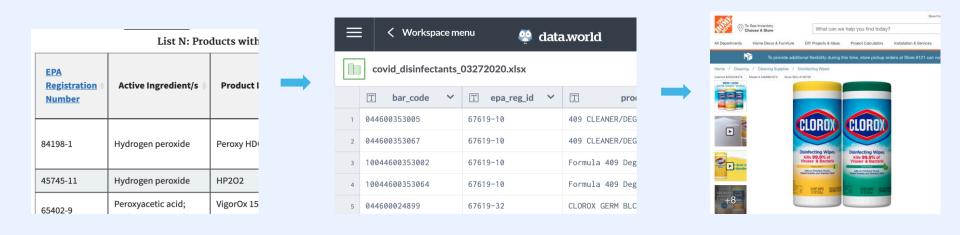
EPA INPUTS



How do we make this data available and improve efficiency for retailers/consumers?



EPA INPUTS UPC INDEX RETAILER SITES & STORES?





Let's work together to keep the world safe and healthy through shared data.

- Partnerships
- Joining retail, brand, third-party data sets
- Consumer visibility



Questions?

Charlie Vallely, Smarter Sorting Co-Founder, Chief Product Officer charlie@smartersorting.com