# Retail Hazardous Waste Program Success for 2022: A Refresher Course





The Retail Industry Leaders Association (RILA) is the US trade association for retailers that have earned leadership status by virtue of their sales volume, innovation or aspiration. We convene decision-makers to collaborate and gain from each other's experience. We advance the industry through public-policy advocacy and promote operational excellence and innovation. And through research and thought leadership, we propel developments that foster both economic growth and sustainability.

Our aim is bold but simple: to elevate a dynamic industry by transforming the environment in which retailers operate.

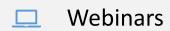
www.rila.org

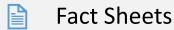
## RETAIL COMPLIANCE CENTER

The Retail Compliance Center has a number of resources related to environmental compliance and sustainability that apply in retail including introductory information as well as detailed reviews of regulations and variations in state requirements.

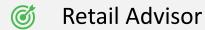
www.rila.org/rcc













# HOUSEKEEPING

#### **Everyone is muted upon entry**

• This reduces background noise during the webinar.

#### Recording

• The webinar is being recorded and will be housed on the RCC site for future views. The slide deck will also be posted to the RCC site.

### Posing a question/commenting

- Please use the Q&A box to pose questions or comments.
- Questions and comments posed will go directly to the speakers and moderators.
- Questions will be answered after the conclusion of the speakers' presentation.

### **Showcase Feedback Survey**

Survey launched during Q&A as live poll

### ANTITRUST STATEMENT

RILA believes strongly in competition. Our antitrust laws are the rules under which our competitive system operates. It is RILA's policy to comply with both the letter and the spirit of antitrust laws. This Antitrust Statement has been adopted to avoid even the appearance of impropriety under the antitrust laws.

At any association meeting, participants must avoid any discussion of the following subjects in order to avoid even an appearance of impropriety:

- Do not discuss current or future prices, price quotations or bids, pricing policies, discounts, rebates, or credit terms.
- Do not discuss cost information such as production costs, operating costs, or wage and labor rates.
- Do not discuss profits or profit margins, including what is a "fair" profit margin.
- Do not discuss allocating markets, territories, or customers.
- Do not discuss current or future production or purchasing plans, including plans to take facility downtime, production quotas, or limits on output.
- Do not discuss refusing to deal with any suppliers, customers, or competitors (or any class or type of suppliers or customers).
- Do not require or pressure any supplier, customer, or competitor to adopt any particular actions or policies.
- Never agree on any aspect of future pricing or output.

Do not engage in prohibited discussions before a meeting or after a meeting is over. These antitrust guidelines apply not only in formal RILA meetings, but also in hallways, casual conversations, phone calls, emails, text messages, cocktail parties, golf outings, or any other setting that is related in any way to the RILA. If you have questions or concerns, or if you are uncertain about the propriety of any subject of discussion or proposed activity, you should stop the discussion immediately and bring the issue to the attention of RILA staff or consult your company's general counsel.

### **TODAY'S SPEAKERS**



Jeff Scott
Director of Business Development- Retail,
US Ecology



Bryan Schultz Environmental Program Manager, US Ecology



### **Bryan Schultz**

Environmental Program Manager

#### **Jeff Scott**

Director of Business Development- Retail

# Retail Success: Refresher Course

### Survey Question 1



From the list below, which items (outside of California) could be considered EPA hazardous waste or DOT hazardous materials?

- Aerosol Cans
- Alcohol
- Fireworks
- Hair dye kits
- Perfumes
- **Pharmaceuticals**
- Lithium Batteries
- Electronics
- Bleach
- All the Above

### Agenda



Fundamentals of a Hazardous Waste Program

**Regulatory Frameworks** 

**Generator Requirements** 

**Continuous Improvement** 

e-Manifest Updates

**USecology.com** Unequaled service. Solutions you can trust.

### Fundamentals to Implement a Program: Internal



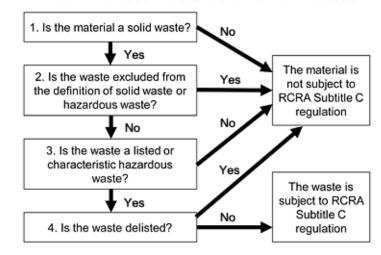
#### Is a Program Needed?

- Do you "generate" waste materials?
  - Slips, trips and falls
  - Unwelcomed products: No RSVP, stayed too long, created a scene
- Is it hazardous waste?

#### **Establish Procedures:**

- Waste identification and designation
- Proper storage and packaging
- Transportation and disposal
- Reports and tracking
- **Emergency Response**
- Continual improvements

#### The Hazardous Waste Identification Process



### Fundamentals to Implement a Program: Vendors

#### **Vendor Partners**

- Clearly addresses and offers solutions for your specific program needs
- Align with overall Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance (ESG) goals and objectives
- Provide scalable services that create efficiencies, control costs and maintain compliance
- Have capacity and resources to execute
  - Workforce
  - Equipment
  - Geographic footprint
  - **Emergency Response**
- Incorporate client procedures and develop service and performance standards
  - On-time service
  - Reporting frequency, content, and accuracy
  - Continual improvement initiatives

### Regulatory Frameworks



#### **EPA**

- RCRA gives EPA authority to control and regulate solid waste and hazardous waste
- Provides a framework of "cradle-to-grave" for generators, transporters and TSDF's

#### DOT

- Subtitle C of RCRA defines a hazardous waste transporter as "any person engaged in the off-site transportation of hazardous waste within the United States"
- Generator's responsibility:
  - Packaging: methods and container specs
  - Paperwork: waste profiling, manifest, LDR's, waste tracking

#### State Regulated

- States are authorized to implement a rulemaking process that allows implementation of RCRA in lieu of direct EPA oversiaht
- States must adopt **at least** as stringent as federal req's, but can adopt more stringent requirements
- Most states operate under the minimum federal guidelines or have minor variations from federal rules
  - More stringent: California and Minnesota

### Generator Requirements

- Track how much waste is generated each month.
- Track how much is on site at any given time

Generators are required to follow certain rules depending on how they are classified by RCRA or their State's rules:

STATUS NAME	REQUIREMENTS	CRITERIA*
LQG (Large Quantity Generator)	<ul> <li>90 Day Storage Limit,</li> <li>Training and Contingency Procedures, Reporting, Storage</li> </ul>	2200 lbs of hazardous waste or more generated per month
SQG (Small Quantity Generator)	<ul> <li>180 Day Storage Limit</li> <li>Training</li> <li>Limits Total Storage to 13,200 lbs</li> </ul>	Between 220-2200 lbs hazardous waste generated per month
VSQG (Very Small Quantity Generator)	<ul> <li>No Time Storage Limit</li> <li>Limits Total Storage to 2200 lbs</li> </ul>	220 lbs or less of hazardous waste generated per month

### Generator Requirements

#### **On-site Storage**

- Generators are based on their generator status and state-specific requirements
- Considerations when storing hazardous wastes:
  - Signage
  - Secondary Containment
  - Marking/Labeling of Containers
  - Accessibility
  - Service Frequency



**WRONG** 



**RIGHT** 

### Survey Question 2



Which or the following is NOT one of the four characteristics exhibited by "characteristic hazardous waste?

- ignitable
- corrosive
- organic
- reactive

### Generator Requirements

- Labels must be applied when waste is first placed into a container to comply with environmental regulations
  - Known as accumulation start date
- DOT labels are not required until a container is being prepared for shipment **but** still need to be applied to containers to meet other storage requirements by other regulatory agencies.



### RCRA Markings and Labeling



CA WASTE NO: 122

### FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS IMPROPER DISPOSAL

GENERATOR INFORMATION: LOWES OF HUNTINGTON BEACH, CARRIGONS: (714) 907-9006

MANIFEST: 022690825JJK HUNTINGTON BEACH, CA 92647 USAACCUMULATION START: 03/30/2021

EPA WASTE NO: D002 122

SITE CODE: 1753

**HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES: Corrosive** 

UN3266, Waste Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium Hydroxide, Potassium Hydroxide), 8, PGII, ERG

APPROVAL: LWHW04 - LWHW04 - CORROSIVE BASIC LIQUIDS AND SOLIDS

HANDLE WITH CARE! CONTAINS HAZARDOUS OR TOXIC WASTES.



### Continuous Improvement

#### **Operational**

- Data Management and Access
  - Online Client Portal with access to relevant waste tracking, schedules, invoicing, and waste profiles
  - Digitized scanning and document retention
  - Accurate and timely invoicing and data reporting
- Optimized service frequency based on volume generation, available storage space, and physical location

#### Performance Metrics and Continuous Improvement

- Establish, measure, and report on key performance indicators
- Examples include:
  - Ontime service performance >95%
  - Missed Services completed the following week
  - Accurate and timely invoices delivered within a specific timeline
  - Manifest tracking and return within 35 days of service
  - Establish recycling and waste reduction initiatives

#### **Customer Satisfaction Surveys**



**USecology.com** Unequaled service. Solutions you can trust.

### E-Manifest Updates



#### **Generator Requirements**

- Generators are not required to register in the e-Manifest system, but will have to in order to view and sign manifests
- Can be used as your recordkeeping system, but you will have to be registered in the system
- EPA ID#'s will be required for full electronic shipments

#### **New Updates**

- EPA changed requirements around generator and transporter signatures to increase fully electronic shipment usage
- State focus on e-Manifest data

#### Helpful Links

RCRA info: https://rcrainfo.epa.gov/rcrainfoprod/action/secured/login

FPA e-Manifest site: https://www.epa.gov/e-manifest

State Regulations: https://www.rila.org/retail-compliance-center/hazardous-waste-variations-by-state

### **Questions? and Contact Info**

Jeff Scott, Director of Business Development- Retail jeff.scott@usecology.com (503) 307-5472

Bryan Schultz, Environmental Program Manager bryan.schultz@usecology.com (734) 576-0165

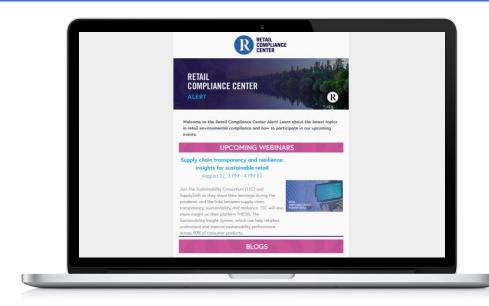




Unequaled service. Solutions you can trust.

### Don't miss future webinars, sign up for RCC Alerts

Join our mailing list by signing up at <a href="https://www.rila.org/retail-compliance-center/sign-up-for-alerts">https://www.rila.org/retail-compliance-center/sign-up-for-alerts</a>



For more information on retail environmental compliance and sustainability, visit the RCC website at <a href="https://www.rila.org/retail-compliance-center">https://www.rila.org/retail-compliance-center</a>.



Tiffin Shewmake
Vice President, RILA and Executive
Director, Retail Compliance Center
Tiffin.Shewmake@rila.org



Kaela Martins
Manager, Environmental Programs
& Retail Compliance Center
Kaela.Martins@rila.org



Molly Auten
Coordinator, Environmental Programs
& Retail Compliance Center
Molly.Auten@rila.org

### RETAIL COMPLIANCE CENTER - CONTACT US

# THANK YOU